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European Technical Assessment

ETA 14/0413 of 18.01.2022



General part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the ETA: ITeC

ITeC has been designated according to Article 29 of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 and is member of EOTA (European Organisation for Technical Assessment)

Trade name of the construction product	DEKTON®
Product family to which the construction product belongs	Kits for external wall claddings
Manufacturer	COSENTINO SAU
	Ctra. A 334 km 59 ES-04850 Cantoria (Almería) Spain
Manufacturing plant(s)	Ctra. A 334 km 59
manuracturing plant(s)	ES-04850 Cantoria (Almería) Spain
This European Technical	22 pages including 4 annexes which form an integral part of this
Assessment contains	assessment and Annex N, which contains updated extra information regarding DEKTON® colours and textures covered by this ETA.
This European Technical Assessment is issued in	EAD 090062-00-0404 Kits for external wall claddings mechanically fixed.
accordance with Regulation (EU) 305/2011, on the basis of	meenameany nixeu.
This version replaces	ETA 14/0413 issued on 20.07.2020.



General comments

Translations of this European Technical Assessment in other languages shall fully correspond to the original issued document and should be identified as such.

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Specific parts of the European Technical Assessment

1 Technical description of the product

This ETA refers to the dry-pressed ultracompact ceramic panels DEKTON® for external wall cladding in ventilated facades.

Table 1.1 gives information on the specific cladding fixings to be considered for the assessment of DEKTON®.

Detailed information and data of all the components are given in the annexes of this ETA.

Table 1.1: System components.

N.	Generic component	family B	fam	Technical description	
		DKT1	DKT2	DKT3	docopo
1	Cladding element	DEKTON® with undercut drill holes on the rear side	DEKTON® with grooves		Annex 1
2	Cladding fixing	Stainless steel undercut anchors	Aluminium alloy horizontal rail profiles Aluminium alloy small rails		Annex 2

2 Specification of the intended use(s) in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document (hereinafter EAD)

DEKTON® is intended to be used as external wall claddings in ventilated façades (rainscreens). The walls are made of masonry (clay, concrete or stone), concrete (cast on site or as prefabricated panels), timber or metal frame in new or existing buildings (retrofit).

The characteristics of the walls shall be verified prior to use of DEKTON®, especially regarding conditions for reaction to fire classification and for mechanical fixing of DEKTON®.

DEKTON® is intended to be used with the following types of cladding fixings¹:

- <u>Type 1</u>: Specific undercut anchor made of stainless steel to be placed in the undercut drill holes of the DEKTON® cladding element. At least four anchors are needed to support one cladding element (fixing method according to family B of EAD 090062-00-0404). System trade name DKT1.
- <u>Type 2</u>: Horizontal rail profiles made of aluminium alloy, to be placed in the grooves of the DEKTON® cladding element. Two horizontal profiles are needed to support one cladding element (fixing method according to family C of EAD 090062-00-0404). System trade name DKT2.
- <u>Type 3</u>: Small rails made of aluminium alloy, to be placed in the grooves of the DEKTON® cladding element. At least four rails are needed to support one cladding element (fixing method according to family C of EAD 090062-00-0404). System trade name DKT3.

The provisions made in this European Technical Assessment are based on an assumed working life of at least 25 years for DEKTON[®]. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

Not manufactured or supplied by COSENTINO SAU.



DEKTON® is a non-load bearing construction product. It does not contribute directly to the stability of the wall on which it is installed, but it can contribute to its durability by providing enhanced protection from the effect of weathering.

DEKTON® is not intended to ensure the airtightness of the building envelope.

Detailed information and data regarding design, installation, maintenance and repair criteria are given in Annexes 3 and 4.

3 Performance of the product and reference to the methods used for its assessment

The assessment of DEKTON® kit for the intended use was performed following the EAD 090062-00-0404 *Kits for external wall claddings mechanically fixed* (former ETAG 034).

Table 3.1: Summary of DEKTON® performance (see also detailed performance in relevant sections).

Product:	DEK	(TON®	Intende	ed use:	External wall	I claddings in vent	ilated façades (rai	nscreens).	
	<u>' </u>					<u> </u>	Performance	,	
Basic Works ETA section		ETA section	Essential characte	eristic		DKT1 (undercut anchor)	DKT2 (horizontal rail profile)	DKT3 (small rail)	
					ON [®] without ary mesh		A1		
BWR 2 Safety in case of		3.1	Reaction to fire	ancilla	ON [®] with ary mesh annex 1)	A2-s1, d0			
fire	-		Façade fire perform	ance			Not assessed		
	-		Propensity to under smouldering	go contir	nuous		Not relevant		
	3	3.2	Watertightness of jo against driving rain)		tection	Not	watertight (open jo	pints)	
BWR 3	i .		Water absorption				Not relevant		
Hygiene, heal	th		Water vapour perm	eability		Not relevant			
environment	3	3.3	Drainability			See figures in Annex 2			
	-		Content, emission and/or release of dangerous substances				Not assessed		
	3	3.4	Wind load DEKTON® 12 mm resistance DEKTON® 20 mm				see clause 3.4		
	Γ-		Resistance to horizontal point loads			Not assessed			
				DEKT	ON® 12 mm	Category IV	Not consort	Niet	
	3	3.5	Impact resistance	DEKT	ON® 20 mm	(see table 3.3)	Not assessed	Not assessed	
	3	3.6	Bending strength of	cladding	g element	≥ 45 N/mm²			
	3	3.7.1	Resistance to axial tension	-	ON [®] 12 mm ON [®] 20 mm	see table 3.5	Not re	elevant	
BWR 4 Safety and	3	3.7.2	Resistance to shear load		ON® 12 mm ON® 20 mm	see table 3.6	Not re	elevant	
accessibility in	·		Resistance to	 	ON® 12 mm				
use	3	3.7.3	combined tension and shear load	DEKT	ON [®] 20 mm	see table 3.7	Not re	elevant	
		3.8.1	Resistance of	DEKT	ON [®] 12 mm	Not relevant	,	uction action) essure action)	
		J.O. I	grooved cladding element	DEKT	ON [®] 20 mm	Not relevant ≥ 1000 N (in suction a ≥ 3800 N (in pressure		,	
	3	3.8.2	Resistance to vertice	al load		Not relevant	< 0,15 mr	n after 4 h	
	3	3.8.3	Pull-through resista profiles	nce of fix	kings from	Not relevant	≥ 3200 N	Not relevant	
	3	3.8.4	Resistance of meta	l clip		Not relevant	Not relevant	≥ 2100 N	



Table 3.1: Summary of DEKTON® performance (see also detailed performance in relevant sections).

Product:	DEKTON®	Intended use: External wall claddings in ventilated façades					nscreens).	
			Essential characteristic			Performance	•	
Basic Works Requirement	ETA section	Essential characteris				DKT2 (horizontal rail profile)	DKT3 (small rail)	
		Resistance of profiles				Not relevant		
		Pull-out resistance of	subfra	me fixings		Not relevant		
		Shear load resistance fixings	of sub	frame		Not relevant		
		Bracket resistance (ho vertical load)	rizonta	al and		Not relevant		
BWR 5 Protection against noise		Airborne sound insulation Not relevant						
BWR 6		Thermal resistance of	the kit		Not relevant			
Energy econom and heat retention	у	Thermal resistance of product	therm	al insulation	Not relevant			
		Hygrothermal behavio	Hygrothermal behaviour			Not relevant		
		Behaviour after pulsat	ing loa	d	Not assessed			
	3.9	Freeze-thaw resistance	e		No defects			
		Behaviour after immer	sion in	water	Not assessed			
5 1333		Dimensional stability	by te	emperature		6,5 μm/m ⋅ °C		
Durability aspects	3.10	of the cladding elements	by h	umidity	0,05 mm/m			
		Chemical and biologic the cladding elements	Chemical and biological resistance of the cladding elements			Not relevant		
		UV radiation resistanc elements	e of th	e cladding	Not relevant			
	3.11	Corrosion of metal cor	npone	nts	See materials in Annex 2.			

Complementary information:

Requirements with respect to the mechanical resistance and stability of non-load bearing parts of the works are not included in the Basic Works Requirement *Mechanical resistance and stability* (BWR 1) but are treated under the Basic Works Requirement *Safety and accessibility in use* (BWR 4).

The fire resistance requirement is applicable to the wall (made of masonry, concrete, timber or metal frame) and not to the DEKTON® itself.

3.1 Reaction to fire

The reaction to fire of DEKTON® according to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/364 and EN 13501-1, is:

- For DEKTON® without the ancillary mesh (see Annex 1) on the underneath surface (rear side):
 - class A1 without need of testing according to Decision 96/603/EC as amended.
- For DEKTON® with the ancillary mesh (see Annex 1) on the underneath surface (rear side):
 - class A2,s1-d0. It is based on the relevant tests according to EN 13501-1.

These classes are valid provided that the insulation layer placed behind the cladding elements is made of non-combustible materials (e.g. mineral wool) or that the layer behind the cladding elements is a mineral substrate like masonry or concrete (class A1 or A2-s1, d0). For other end use conditions (for example: with insulation layer made of EPS, XPS, PUR or PF), the reaction to fire of the external wall claddings for ventilated façades will be the reaction to fire of the insulation material.

Note: A European reference fire scenario has not been laid down for façades. In some Member States, the classification of external wall claddings according to EN 13501-1 might not be sufficient for the use in façades. An additional assessment of external wall claddings according to national provisions (e.g. on the



basis of a large-scale test) might be necessary to comply with Member State regulations, until the existing European classification system has been completed.

3.2 Watertightness of joints (protection against driving rain)

Joints in the external wall claddings for ventilated façades with DEKTON® are open, therefore they are not watertight.

3.3 Drainability

On the basis of the construction details (see Annex 3), the available technical knowledge, experience and the installation criteria, it is considered that the water which penetrates into the air space or the condensation water can be drained out from the cladding without accumulation or moisture damage or leakage into the substrate.

3.4 Wind load resistance

Wind load resistance has been determined considering the wind resistance tests and the mechanical resistance of components (see sections 3.6 to 3.8).

The most critical cases for each cladding element thickness have been tested (maximum area and maximum distance between cladding fixings). Test results are given in table 3.2.

For other assembled systems, wind load resistance obtained by calculation based on the mechanical resistance of the kit components should not be higher than the maximum load obtained in the tests.

Table 3.2: Wind suction load resistance test results.

			Cladding fixing					
Cladding kit family	Cladding element	Туре	Min. number (row x column)	Distance row-edge / column- edge (mm)	Column distance (mm)	Row distance (mm)	Maximum load Q (Pa)	
	DEKTON® 12 mm	DKT1.1	3 x 3	200 / 100	≤ 700	≤ 620	8200	
Family D		DKT1.2	3 x 3	200 / 100	≤ 700	≤ 620	6300	
Family B	DEKTON®	DKT1.1	3 x 3	200 / 100	≤ 700	≤ 620	9500	
	20 mm	DKT1.2	3 x 3	200 / 100	≤ 700	≤ 620	8200	
	DEKTON®	DKT2.2	2		Not relevant	< 1110	2000	
Family C	12 mm	DKT3 (*)	2 x 2		≤ 450	≤ 1440	2000	
Tarriny C	DEKTON® 20 mm	DKT3 (*)	2 x 2		≤ 450	≤ 1440	2800 (**)	

^(*) Values also applicable to DKT2.1 cladding fixing.

^(**) This configuration was also tested to pressure load and it reached 10000 Pa without failure.



3.5 Impact resistance

Impact resistance has been tested on the assembled system given in table 3.3. For other assembled systems, the impact resistance has not been assessed.

Table 3.3: Impact resistance.

	C	ladding fixin	g		Degree of	
Cladding element	Min. number	Column distance (mm)	Row distance (mm)	Impact resistance passed	exposure in use (*)	
DEKTON® 12 mm & 20 mm	≥ 4 DKT1 (type 1)	≤ 700	≤ 1000	Hard body (0,5 kg) 3 impacts of 1 J Soft body (3,0 kg) 3 impacts of 10 J	Category IV	
(*) Category I:			•	exposure in use should be a zone readily to hard body impacts but not subjected	,	
Category II:	thrown or kick	ked objects, b r at lower lev	ut in public lo	xposure in use should be a zone liable to cations where the height of the kit will liccess to the building is primarily to the	mit the size of	
Category III:		This category means that the degree of exposure in use should be a zone not likely to be damaged by normal impacts caused by people or by thrown or kicked objects.				
Category IV:	This category ground level.	means that t	the degree of	exposure in use should be a zone out	of reach from	

3.6 Bending strength of the cladding element

DEKTON® bending strength has been tested according to EN ISO 10545-4.

Mean values and characteristic values of the breaking load, breaking strength and bending strength are given in table 3.4.

Table 3.4: Bending strength and modulus of rupture of the cladding element.

Cladding element (*)	Breaking	ı load (N)	Breaking s	trength (N)	Bending (N/m	
	Fm	Fc	Fm	Fc	Fm	Fc
DEKTON® 12 mm	2730	2527	4906	4551	52	48
DEKTON® 20 mm	8074	7071	14514	12711	55	48

Where: F_m = mean values; F_c = characteristic values giving 75% confidence that 95% of results will be higher than this value.

(*) Test specimen dimensions = 200 mm x 100 mm.

3.7 Mechanical resistance in the case of family B

3.7.1 Resistance to axial tension

Resistance to axial tension has been tested. Mean and characteristic values are given in table 3.5.

Table 3.5: Axial tension.

Cladding	Cladding	Fiving position	Dina diameter	Failure	load (N)
element	fixing type	Fixing position	Ring diameter -	F _m F _c	Fc
	DKT1.1	Centre	Ø 700 mm	1816	1531



Table 3.5: Axial tension.

Cladding	Cladding	Fixing position	Dina diameter	Failure I	oad (N)
element	fixing type	pe Fixing position	Ring diameter —	Fm	Fc
			Ø 350 mm	1984	1650
			Ø 50 mm	4027	3434
		Border (100 mm)	Ø 700 mm (*)	1420	1035
		Corner (100 mm)	Ø 700 mm (*)	1417	1077
DEKTON® 12 mm			Ø 700 mm	1764	1584
12 111111		Centre	Ø 350 mm	2054	1581
	DKT1.2		Ø 50 mm	3084	1238
		Border (100 mm)	Ø 700 mm (*)	1518	1322
		Corner (100 mm)	Ø 700 mm (*)	1522	1298
			Ø 700 mm	2870	1952
		Centre	Ø 350 mm	3621	2930
	DKT1.1		Ø 50 mm	3488	2504
		Border (100 mm)	Ø 700 mm (*)	2977	2487
DEKTON®		Corner (100 mm)	Ø 700 mm (*)	2655	2082
20 mm			Ø 700 mm	4122	3468
		Centre	Ø 350 mm	4213	3677
	DKT1.2		Ø 50 mm	5082	3314
		Border (100 mm)	Ø 700 mm (*)	2858	2725
		Corner (100 mm)	Ø 700 mm (*)	2814	2241

Where: F_m = mean values; F_c = characteristic values giving 75% confidence that 95% of results will be higher than this value.

3.7.2 Resistance to shear load

Resistance to shear load has been tested. Mean and characteristic values are given in table 3.6.

Table 3.6: Resistance to shear load.

	Failure	load (N)
Cladding fixing type	F _m	Fc
DKT1.1	5097	3942
DKT1.2	8136	6996
DKT1.1	6231	4949
DKT1.2	8383	6367
	DKT1.2 DKT1.1	Cladding fixing type Fm DKT1.1 5097 DKT1.2 8136 DKT1.1 6231

Where: F_m = mean values; F_c = characteristic values giving 75% confidence that 95% of results will be higher than this value.

3.7.3 Resistance to combined tension and shear load

Resistance to shear load has been tested. Mean and characteristic values are given in table 3.7.

^(*) Tests using the ring diameter for the minimum mean value of the resistance in the case of centre position.



Table 3.7: Resistance to combined tension and shear load.

Cladding	Cladding	Y FIVING NOCITION RING GIZMOTOR		Failure	load (N)
element	fixing type			Fm	Fc
DICTA	DKT1.1	Angle 60° (centre)	Ø 700 mm (*)	1249	904
DEKTON®	ואט אוו.ו	Angle 30° (centre)	Ø 700 mm (*)	1191	995
12 mm	DKT1.2	Angle 60° (centre)	Ø 700 mm (*)	1960	1006
		Angle 30° (centre)	Ø 700 mm (*)	751	599
	DKT1.1	Angle 60° (centre)	Ø 700 mm (*)	1479	1169
DEKTON®	DKII.I	Angle 30° (centre)	Ø 700 mm (*)	1035	927
20 mm	DKT1.2	Angle 60° (centre)	Ø 700 mm (*)	1994	1455
	DKT1.2	Angle 30° (centre)	Ø 700 mm (*)	1602	1168

Where: F_m = mean values; F_c = characteristic values giving 75% confidence that 95% of results will be higher than this value.

3.8 Mechanical resistance in the case of family C

3.8.1 Resistance of grooved cladding elements

Resistance to shear load has been tested. Mean and characteristic values are given in table 3.8.

Table 3.8: Resistance of grooved cladding elements.

			Resistan	ce (N)	
Cladding element	Cladding fixing type	In suction action (internal tongue)		In pressure action (external tongue)	
	·	Fm	Fc	Fm	Fc
DEKTON® 12 mm	DKT2.1 & DKT3	054	520	949	688
DEKTON® 12 mm	DKT2.2	654	539	654	539
DEKTON [®] 20 mm	DKT2.1 & DKT3	1005	1025	4604	3882
	DKT2.2	1365	1035	1365	1035

Where: F_m = mean values; F_c = characteristic values giving 75% confidence that 95% of results will be higher than this value.

3.8.2 Resistance to vertical load of cladding fixing

The deflection of the cladding fixings has been less than 0,15 mm after 4 hours.

3.8.3 Pull-through resistance of fixings from profiles

Resistance to pull-through load has been tested. Mean and characteristic values are given in table 3.9.

Table 3.9: Pull-through resistance of fixings from horizontal rail profiles for family C (cladding fixing DKT2).

Smaaiman	Failure load (N)		
Specimen -	Fm	Fc	
DKT2 middle horizontal rail profile + stainless steel A2 screw 5,5 diameter and washer 16,0 mm diameter	4235	3829	
DKT2 upper/lower horizontal rail profile + stainless steel A2 screw 5,5 diameter and washer 16,0 mm diameter	4023	3286	

^(*) Tests using the ring diameter for the minimum mean value of the resistance in the case of centre position.

^(*) Test specimen width = 100 mm.



Table 3.9: Pull-through resistance of fixings from horizontal rail profiles for family C (cladding fixing DKT2).

Specimen	Failure l	oad (N)
Specimen	Fm	Fc
Where: F _m = mean values; F _c = characteristic values giving 75% continuous than this value.	fidence that 95% of test res	sults will be higher

3.8.4 Resistance of metal clip

Resistance of metal clips has been tested. Mean and characteristic values are given in table 3.10.

Table 3.10: Resistance of metal clip for family C (cladding fixing DKT3). Horizontal force.

Cladding fixing	Load (N) for 1 mm permanent deformation		Failure load (N)	
	F _m	Fc	F _m	Fc
DKT3 middle small rail	3637	3266	4077	3797
DKT3 upper/lower small rail	2407	2131	2933	2584

3.9 Freeze-thaw resistance of the cladding element

DEKTON® does not show any defects after 100 cycles of freeze-thaw (see Annex 1).

3.10 Dimensional stability of the cladding elements

The maximum moisture expansion of DEKTON® is 0,05 mm/m.

Linear thermal expansion of DEKTON® is 6,5 µm/m⋅°C (see Annex 1).

3.11 Corrosion of metal components

The specifications and corrosion protection of the cladding fixings are given in the relevant sections of Annex 2.

The cladding fixings type 1 (DKT1) are made of stainless steel 1.4401, 1.4404 or 1.4578 according to EN 10088. Therefore, these components may be used in dry internal conditions or exposure in permanent damp internal conditions and also in external atmospheric exposure with high category of corrosivity of the atmosphere (included industrial and marine environment, C4 as defined in ISO 9223), provided no particular aggressive conditions exist. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent or alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

The cladding fixings type 2 (DKT2) and type 3 (DKT3) are made of aluminium alloy AW 6063 T5 according to EN 573, EN 1999 and EN 755. The durability is class B and the minimum thickness is 2,0 mm. Therefore, these components may be used in the following external atmospheric exposure: rural environment, moderate industrial/urban environment, but excluding industrial marine environment. These components may be used in other external atmospheric conditions exposure if the components are protected as indicated in EN 1999-1-1.



4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (hereinafter AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

According to the decision 2003/640/EC, as amended of the European Commission², the systems of AVCP (see EC delegated regulation (EU) No 568/2014 amending Annex V to Regulation (EU) 305/2011) given in the following table apply.

Table 4.1: Applicable AVPC system.

Product	Intended use	Level or class	System
Exterior wall claddings	External finishes of walls	Any	2+
	For uses subject to regulations on	A1 (*)	4
	reaction to fire	A2,s1-d0 (**)	3

^(*) Class A1 according to Commission Decision 96/603/EC, as amended for DEKTON® without the ancillary mesh (see Annex 1) on the underneath surface (rear side).

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as foreseen in the applicable EAD

All the necessary technical details for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the *Control Plan* deposited with the ITeC³, with which the factory production control shall be in accordance.

Issued in Barcelona on 18 January 2022

by the Catalonia Institute of Construction Technology.



Ferran Bermejo Nualart

Technical Director, ITeC

^(**) Class A2,s1-d0 for DEKTON® with the ancillary mesh (see Annex 1) on the underneath surface (rear side).

² 2003/640/EC – Commission Decision of date 4 September 2003, published in the Official Journal of the European Union (OJEU) L226/21 of 10/09/2003.

³ The Control Plan is a confidential part of the ETA and is only handed over to the notified certification body involved in the assessment and verification of constancy of performance.



ANNEX 1: DEKTON® cladding element

DEKTON® cladding element is a dry-pressed ultracompact ceramic panel. The main characteristics are given in table A1.1.

DEKTON® cladding element is further classified by the manufacturer in four technical families (Families I, II, III & IV). The list of colours and textures of each DEKTON® technical family which are covered by this ETA, is indicated in a separate Annex N. This Annex N is kept conveniently updated by ITeC.

DEKTON® cladding element is delivered with an ancillary glass fibre mesh bonded onto the underneath surface (rear side) by means of an epoxy adhesive (Protek4). The function of the mesh is solely to provide the panel with extra safety properties after a possible breakage (e.g. due to impacts). This mesh is not meant to improve the mechanical performance of DEKTON®.

Table A1.1: DEKTON® cladding element characteristics.

Characteristi	С	Reference	Va	lue	Tolerance	
Thickness			12 mm	20 mm	± 5,0% (± 0,5 mm)	
Nominal Length (*) of manufactured format		•	3200) mm	± 0,6%	
Nominal Width (*) of manufactured format		-	1440) mm	(± 2,0 mm)	
Straightness of sides		EN ISO 10545-2	-		± 0,5% (± 1,5 mm)	
Rectangularity	У				_	
Central curva	ture		-		± 0,5%	
Lateral curvat	ure		-		(± 2,0 mm)	
Warping						
Surface appea	Surface appearance		100% undamaged tiles			
Density		_	2540 kg/m ³		\pm 100 kg/m ³	
Water absorp	Water absorption (% weight)		< 0,5% (Group Bla)			
Porosity			0,2%			
Bending	mean value	- EN ISO 10545-4	≥ 52 N/mm ²	≥ 55 N/mm ²	_	
strength	characteristic value (**)	EN 130 10343-4	≥ 48 N/mm ²	≥ 48 N/mm ²		
Hard body im of restitution)	pact resistance (coefficient	EN ISO 10545-5	0,	85		
Linear therma	l expansion coefficient	EN ISO 10545-8	< 6,5 µ	m/m₊ºC		
Resistance to	thermal shock	EN ISO 10545-9	Pa	iss		
Moisture expa	Moisture expansion		0,05 ı	mm/m		
Frost resistan	ce	EN ISO 10545-12	No de	efects		
Chemical resi	Chemical resistance		Pa	ISS		
Resistance to	stains	EN ISO 10545-14	Cla	ss 5		
Heat of	DEKTON® (***)		≤ 0,34	MJ/kg		
combustion, PCS-value	Ancillary glass-fibre mesh and epoxy adhesive (***)	EN ISO 1716	≤ 11,6	MJ/kg		

^(*) The manufactured cladding element can be cut (in the factory) in any prescribed dimension.

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^(**) Characteristic value giving 75% confidence that 95% of test results will be higher than this value.

^(***) Value including Protek4.

⁴ Protek refers to the gluing process, carried out at COSENTINO SAU factory, by which the fiberglass mesh (300 g/m²) is glued with epoxy resin (313 g/m² - 360 g/m²) onto the rear side (underneath) of DEKTON® panel.



_				Cladding	Dekton® thickness	Geometry of	the grooves		
D ₂	D ₁		fixing	(mm)	b1 (mm)	b2 (mm)	A (mm)	P (mm)	
		1	Type 2	12,0	4,0 (+0,0 ;-1,0)	5,0 (+0,0 ;-1,0)	3,0 ± 0,5	10,0 (+0,0 ;-1,0)	
			(ĎKT2.1)	20,0	12,0 (+0,0 ;-1,0)	5,0 (+0,0 ;-1,0)	3.0 ± 0.5	10,0 (+0,0 ;-1,0)	
Underneath	_	Type 2 (DKT2.2)	O Type 2	Type 2	12,0	4,0 (+0,4 ;-0,0)	4,0 (+0,4 ;-0,0)	4,0 (+0,0 ;-0,8)	10,0 (+0,0 ;-1,0)
			(DKT2.2)	20,0	8,0 (+0,4 ;-0,0)	8,0 (+0,4 ;-0,0)	4,0 (+0,0 ;-0,8)	10,0 (+0,0 ;-1,0)	
			Type 3	12,0	4,0 (+0,0 ;-1,0)	5,0 (+0,0 ;-1,0)	3.0 ± 0.5	10,0 (+0,0 ;-1,0)	
			(DKT3.1)	20,0	12,0 (+0,0 ;-1,0)	5,0 (+0,0 ;-1,0)	3.0 ± 0.5	10,0 (+0,0 ;-1,0)	

Figure A1.1: Geometry of the grooves.



ANNEX 2: Cladding fixings

A2.1 Cladding fixings type 1 - Specific anchor made of stainless steel to be placed in an undercut drill hole. System trade name DKT1

Geometric characteristics and material properties of the specific anchor that has been used in the tests for the assessment of DEKTON® are given in the table A2.1.

Characteristic Referen			Reference		Value		
System				DKT1.1 DKT1.2			
Type of spec	ific anchor			Unde	rcut anchor		
Trade name				KEIL	FISC	CHER	
				KH 8,5	FZP II 11x8 M6/T/PA	FZP II 11x10 M6/T/PA	
For use in DE	KTON® thic	kness (mm)		12-20	12	20	
Form and din	nensions			See figure A2.1a	See figu	ire A2.1b	
Anchorage (mm)		ge depth, hs	-	8,5	8,0 = (a = 10,5) - 2,5	10,0 = (a = 12,5) 2,5	
	Panel thic (mm)	ckness, h	ETA 03/0055	≥ 11,0	≥ 10,0	≥ 20,0	
	Diameter of drill hole, d _o (mm)		ETA _ 06/0253 _ ETA _ 11/0465	7,0	11,0		
Anchor	Diameter of undercut, d ₁ (mm)			9,0	13,5		
installation	Screw ler	Screw length, c		See note (1)			
	Thread diameter			M6	M6		
	Installation torque moment, T_{inst} (N·m)			$2.5 \le T_{inst} \le 4.0$	T _{inst}	≤ 5,0	
	Distance anchor - panel edge (mm)			100 ≤ b ≤ 200	100 ≤ b ≤ 200		
	Maximum distance anchor - anchor			≤ 700 (between columns) ≤ 620 (between rows)	≤ 700 (between columns) ≤ 620 (between rows)		
		Anchor sleeve	EN 10088-1	See note (2)	-		
		Screw	EN 10088-2	See note (3)	-		
Material properties	Type of material	Cone bolt Expansion part	EN 10088-1 EN 10088-2 EN 10088-3		Stainle	ss steel	
		Shim washer			Poliam	nide 6.6	
	-	-	Hexagona I nut	EN 755 EN 10088			optional A4 ss steel

⁽¹⁾ Without washer: $h_s + 3 \text{ mm} + t_{fix}$; with washer: $h_s + 7.5 \text{ mm} + t_{fix}$ (with washer).

⁽²⁾ Stainless steel 1.4404 (X2CrNiMo17-12-2).

⁽³⁾ Stainless steel: 1.4401 (X5CrNiMo17-12-2), 1.4404 (X2CrNiMo17-12-2) or 1.4578 (X3CrNiCuMo 17-11-3-2).



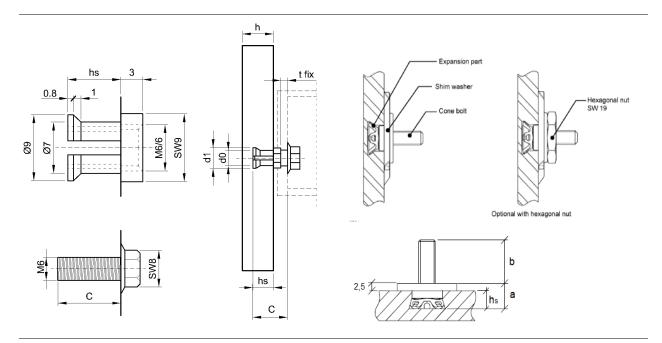


Figure A2.1a: KEIL KH undercut anchor. Anchor sleeve and hexagonal screw (DKT1.1).

Figure A2.1b: FISCHER FZP II undercut anchor (DKT1.2).



A2.2 Cladding fixings type 2 - Horizontal rail profiles made of aluminium alloy. System trade name DKT2

Geometric characteristics and material properties of the horizontal rail profiles (middle profile and lower/upper profile) considered for the assessment of DEKTON® are given in the table A2.2. Two models are considered, DKT2.1 and DKT2.2.

	aracteristics	or clac	lding fixings type 2.			
Characteristic	Characteristic			Reference	Value	
	System				DKT2.1 & DKT3	DKT2.2
	Form and o	Form and dimensions			See figures A2.2a	See figures A2.2b
	Weight per	linear	metre	_	0,725 kg/m	0,678 kg/m
	Standard le	ength		_	6,0	m
Geometric	Cross	Mido	lle profile		268,0	mm²
characteristics	section	Lowe	er/upper profile	_	250,9	mm²
			Middle profile	_	2,03 cm ⁴	
	Inertia of profile section	I _{xx}	Lower/upper profile	_	1,78 cm ⁴	
		l _{yy}	Middle profile	_	2,89 cm ⁴	
			Lower/upper profile	-	$2,49 \text{ cm}^4$	
	Type of material				Aluminium alloy AW 6063 T66	Aluminium alloy AW 6063 T5
	Durability class			=	В	
	Specific gra	avity (u	nit mass)	_	2700 kg/m ³	
Material	Elastic limit	t R _{p0,2}		- EN 1999-1-1	≥ 200 N/mm ²	≥ 130 N/mm ²
properties	Elongation			EN 755-2	≥ 8	%
	Tensile stre	ength F	R _m	_	≥ 245 N/mm ²	≥ 175 N/mm ²
	Modulus of	elastic	city (at 20 °C)	_	700001	V/mm²
	Poisson co	efficier	nt	_	0,	3
	Thermal expansion coefficient between 50 °C and 100 °C			•	23,0 µm/m-°C	

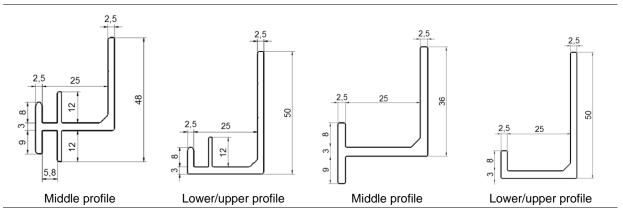


Figure A2.2a: Cross-section. DKT2.1 and DKT3.

Figure A2.2b: Cross-section. DKT2.2.



A2.3 Cladding fixings type 3 - Small rails made of aluminium alloy. System trade name DKT3

Cladding fixings type 3 considered for the assessment of DEKTON® are small rails which have the same cross-section (see figures A2.2a) and the same material properties (see table A2.2) that the cladding fixings type 2 DKT2.1 system.

Specific form and dimensions or the small rails are given in figures A2.3.

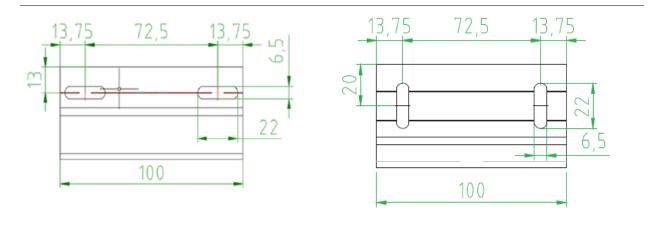


Figure A2.3a: Middle small rail with oblong holes. Frontal view.

Figure A2.3b: Lower/upper small rail. Frontal view.

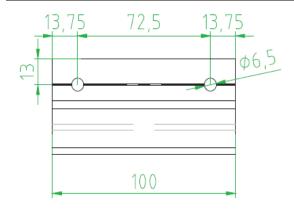
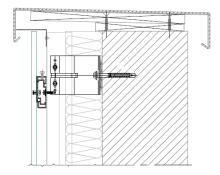


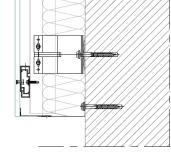
Figure A2.3c: Middle small rail with circular holes. Frontal view.



ANNEX 3: Construction details

A3.1 Construction details with cladding fixings type 1 - DKT1.1





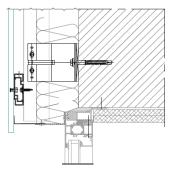


Figure A3.1a: Roof edge. DKT1.1.

Figure A3.1b: Base edge. DKT1.1.

Figure A3.1c: Lintel. DKT1.1.

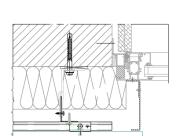


Figure A3.1d: Jamb. DKT1.1.

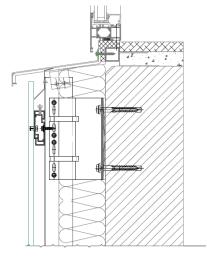


Figure A3.1e: Sill. DKT1.1.

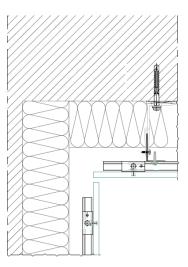


Figure A3.1f: Internal corner. DKT1.1.

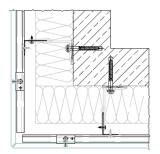


Figure A3.1g: External corner mitered edge. DKT1.1.

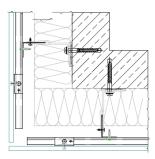
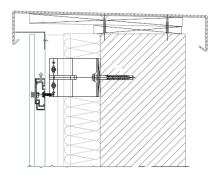
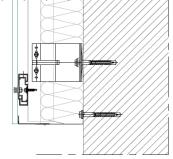


Figure A3.1h: External corner. DKT1.1.



A3.2 Construction details with cladding fixings type 1 - DKT1.2





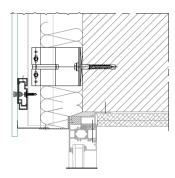


Figure A3.2a: Roof edge. DKT1.2.

Figure A3.2b: Base edge. DKT1.2.

Figure A3.2c: Lintel. DKT1.2.

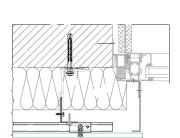


Figure A3.2d: Jamb. DKT1.2.

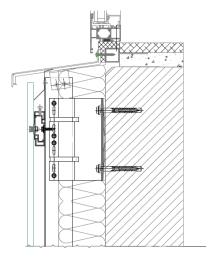


Figure A3.2e: Sill. DKT1.2.

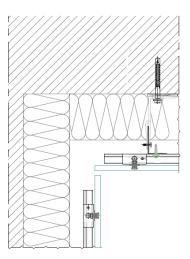


Figure A3.2f: Internal corner. DKT1.2.

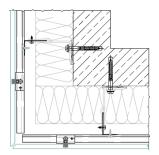


Figure A3.2g: External corner mitered edge. DKT1.2.

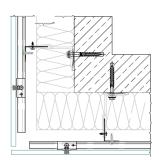


Figure A3.2g: External corner. DKT1.2.



A3.3 Construction details with cladding fixings type 2 – DKT2.1 & DKT2.2

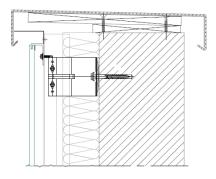


Figure A3.3a: Roof edge. DKT2.1 & DKT2.2.

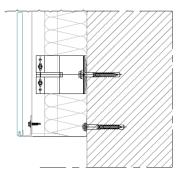


Figure A3.3b: Base edge. DKT2.1 & DKT2.2.

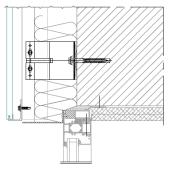


Figure A3.3c: Lintel. DKT2.1 & DKT2.2.

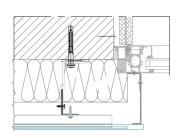


Figure A3.3d: Jamb. DKT2.1 & DKT2.2.

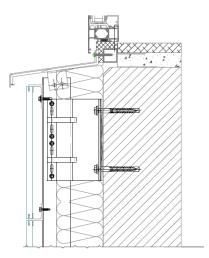


Figure A3.3e: Sill. DKT2.1 & DKT2.2.

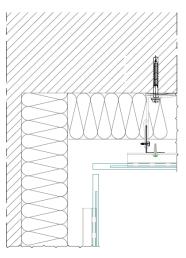


Figure A3.3f: Internal corner. DKT2.1 & DKT2.2.

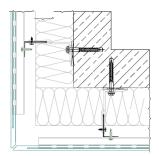


Figure A3.3g: External corner mitered edge. DKT2.1 & DKT2.2.

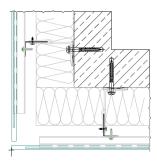


Figure A3.3h: External corner. DKT2.1 & DKT2.2.



A3.4 Construction details with cladding fixings type 3 – DKT3

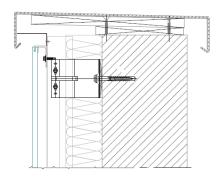


Figure A3.4a: Roof edge. DKT3.

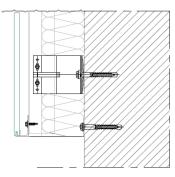


Figure A3.4b: Base edge. DKT3.

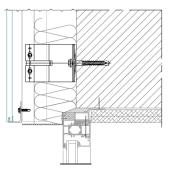


Figure A3.4c: Lintel. DKT3.

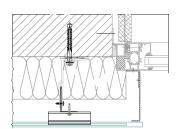


Figure A3.4d: Jamb. DKT3.

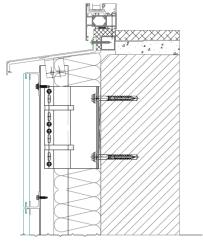


Figure A3.4e: Sill. DKT3.

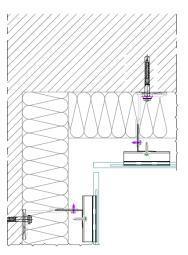


Figure A3.4f: Corner. DKT3.

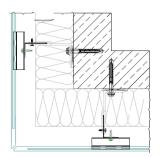


Figure A3.4g: External corner mitered edge. DKT3.

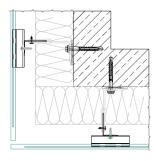


Figure A3.4h: External corner. DKT3.



ANNEX 4: Design, installation, maintenance and repair criteria

A4.1 Design

The design of the external wall claddings for ventilated façades using DEKTON® should consider:

- It is assumed that the substrate wall meets the necessary requirements regarding the mechanical strength (resistance to static and dynamic loads) and the airtightness, as well as the relevant resistance regarding watertightness and water vapour.
- The verification of the designed system by means of calculation, taking into account the mechanical characteristic values of the system components (cladding element and cladding fixings) and the other components of the designed system (profiles, brackets, fixings, etc.) in order to resist the actions (dead loads, wind loads, etc.) applying on the specific works. National safety factors and other national provisions must be followed. Minimum safety factor recommended by the manufacturer = 1,50.
- The selection and verification of the anchors between the subframe components (e.g. brackets) and the external walls (substrate), taking into account the substrate material and the minimum resistance required (pull-out and shear resistance) according to the envisaged actions obtained from the mechanical calculation of the designed system.
- The accommodation of the designed system movements to the substrate or structural movements.
- The execution of singular parts of the façade; some examples of construction details are indicated in Annex 3.
- The corrosion protection of the designed system metallic components taking into account the category of corrosivity of the atmosphere of works (e.g. acc. ISO 9223).
- The drainability of the ventilated air space between the cladding elements and the insulation layer or the external wall accordingly.
- An insulation layer is usually fixed on the external wall and should be defined in accordance with a harmonized standard or an European technical assessment and taking into account the section 3.1 of this ETA.
- Because the joints are not watertight, the first layer behind ventilated air space (e.g. insulation layer) should be composed by materials with low water absorption.

A3.2 Installation

Installation of the external wall claddings for ventilated façades using DEKTON® should be carried out:

- According to the specifications of the manufacturer and using the components specified in this ETA.
- In accordance with the design and drawings prepared for the specific works. The manufacturer should ensure that the information on these provisions is given to those concerned.
- By appropriately qualified staff and under the supervision of the technical responsible of the specific works.

A3.3 Maintenance and repair

Maintenance of the external wall claddings for ventilated façades using DEKTON® includes inspections on site, considering the following aspects:

- Regarding the cladding elements: the appearance of any damage such as cracking, detachment, delamination, mould presence due to permanent moisture or permanent irreversible deformation.
- Regarding metallic components (cladding fixings and other components of the designed system as profiles, brackets and fixings): the presence of corrosion or presence of water accumulation.

When necessary, any repair to localized damaged areas must be carried out with the same components and following the repair instructions given by the manufacturer.



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ANNEX N

ETA 14/0413 of 18.01.2022



Trade name of the construction product	DEKTON®
Product family to which the construction product belongs	External wall claddings in ventilated façade
Manufacturer	COSENTINO SAU
	Ctra. A 334 km 59
	ES-04850 Cantoria (Almería)
	Spain
This Annex contains	5 pages
	This Annex N contains updated information regarding colours and textures of each DEKTON® technical family which are covered by the ETA 14/0413 issued on 18.01.2022.



ANNEX N: DEKTON® classification

 $\mathsf{DEKTON}^{\otimes}$ cladding element is further classified by the manufacturer in four technical families (Families I, II, III & IV).

This Annex N contains updated information regarding colours and textures of each DEKTON® family which are covered by the ETA 14/0413, issued by ITeC.

This table N.1 has been updated on 17.06.2022.

Table N.1: Classification of DEKTON® cladding element (as regards colour and texture).

Technical Family Code	SKU	Colour	Collection	Texture	Finishing
	HD2	ALDEM	Wild	Textured wood-liked	MAT
	DAN	ANANKE	Solid	Textured wood-liked	MAT
	NAZ	BALTIC	Chromica	Smooth matte	MAT
	DXK	BLAZE	Xgloss Solid	Polished	PUL
	HD1	BOREA	Wild	Textured wood-liked	MAT
	BRM	BROMO	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	DDO	DOMOOS	Solid	Smooth matte	MAT
	BDK	ETER	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	PT2	FEROE	Chromica	Smooth matte	MAT
	FSS	FOSSIL	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	DGM	GALEMA	Solid	Smooth matte	MAT
	DKA	KADUM	Tech	Smooth matte	MAT
	DKL	KELYA	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	DCC	KEON	Tech	Smooth matte	MAT
	DKE	KERANIUM	Tech	Smooth matte	MAT
	PU4	KIRA	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
Family I	KXS	KORSO	Stonika	Polished	PUL
	DRU	KORUS	Solid	Smooth matte	MAT
	SVA	KOVIK	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	KRE	KRETA	Industrial	Smooth matte	MAT
	LOS	LAOS	Industrial	Smooth matte	MAT
	PTL	LAURENT	Natural	Textured slate - like	MAT
	LRS	LIQUID EMBERS	Liquid	Textured slate - like	MAT
	DXG	LUMINA	Xgloss Solid	Polished	PUL
	MTT	MANHATTAN	Xgloss Basiq	Polished	PUL
	SCM	MICRON	Kraftizen	Smooth matte	MAT
	ILR	MILAR	Industrial	Smooth matte	MAT
	DKO	ODIN	Wild	Textured wood-liked	MAT
	DKF	ORIX	Industrial	Smooth matte	MAT
	DIR	SIRIUS	Solid	Textured slate - like	MAT
	DSI	SIROCCO	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	10/0	COONE	Stonika	Polished	PUL
	VXS	SOGNE	Storiika	Polistieu	FUL



Table N.1: Classification of DEKTON® cladding element (as regards colour and texture).

Technical Family Code	SKU	Colour	Collection	Texture	Finishing
	DSP	SPECTRA	Xgloss Solid	Polished	PUL
	DXV	SPLENDOR	Xgloss Solid	Polished	PUL
	DST	STRATO	Tech	Smooth matte	MAT
	T2A	UMBER	Kraftizen	Smooth matte	MAT
Family I	HD3	VALTERRA	Wild	Texture slate-like	MAT
	DVE	VEGHA	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	DCG	VENTUS	Solid	Smooth matte	MAT
	PU1	VERA	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	TXV	ALBARIUM	Kraftizen	Smooth matte	MAT
	DRI	ARIANE	Solid	Textured wood-liked	MAT
	DAU	AURA	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	A15	AURA15	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	DCT	BEDROCK	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	PXS	BERGEN	Stonika	Polished	PUL
	DKZ	ENTZO	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	LD7	FIORD	Xgloss Natural	Polished	PUL
	LD6	GLACIER	Xgloss Natural	Polished	PUL
	DHA	HALO	Xgloss Solid	Polished	PUL
	EWH	HELENA	Stonika	Polished	PUL
	KAI	KAIROS	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	LSH	LIQUID SHELL	Liquid	Texture slate-like	VEL
	LNK	LIQUID SKY	Liquid	Texture slate-like	MAT
	LNR	LUNAR	Industrial	Smooth matte	MAT
Family II	DCA	NATURA	Xgloss Natural	Polished	PUL
	DC1	NATURA18	Stonika	Polished	PUL
	NAY	NAYLA	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	DKH	NILIUM	Industrial	Smooth matte	MAT
	OLI	OLIMPO	Stonika	Polished	PUL
	DKP	OPERA	Natural	Smooth matte	VEL
	GDG	PORTUM	Natural	Smooth matte	VEL
	LCN	REM	Natural	Synchronized relief	VEL
	DNA	SAND DRIFT	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	LD5	TUNDRA	Xgloss Natural	Polished	PUL
	T19	TUNDRA19	Stonika	Polished	PUL
	BST	UYUNI	Chromica	Smooth matte	MAT
	LD4	VAPOUR	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	INN	VIENNA	Xgloss Basiq	Polished	PUL
	DZE	ZENITH	Solid	Smooth matte	MAT
	LGT	AERIS	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
Family III	DTI	AGED TIMBER	Wild	Textured wood-liked	MAT
Family III	AM2	ALBARIUM 22	Kraftizen	Smooth matte	MAT
	PB6	ARGA	Stonika	Polished	PUL



Table N.1: Classification of DEKTON® cladding element (as regards colour and texture).

Technical Family Code	SKU	Colour	Collection	Texture	Finishing
	TXL	ARGENTIUM	Kraftizen	Smooth matte	MAT
	A22	AURA 22	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	HD4	BENTO	Wild	Textured wood-liked	MAT
	B1C	BERGEN CHN	Stonika	Polished	PUL
	DKB	BLANC CONCRETE	Tech	Textured slate - like	MAT
	DDA	DANAE	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	DKD	DOVE	Tech	Textured slate - like	MAT
	DNN	DUNNA	Xgloss Solid	Polished	PUL
	DRA	EDORA	Natural	Texture slate-like	MAT
	EN2	ENTZO 22	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	DKG	GADA	Natural	Texture slate-like	MAT
	H1C	HALO CHN	Xgloss Solid	Polished	PUL
	HE2	HELENA 22	Stonika	Polished	PUL
	DOK	IROK	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	K22	KAIROS 22	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	MUN	KHALO	Stonika	Polished	PUL
	HD5	MAKAI	Wild	Textured wood-liked	MAT
	LS2	LIQUID SHELL 22	Liquid	Texture slate-like	VEL
	LY2	LIQUID SKY 22	Liquid	Texture slate-like	MAT
	LN2	LUNAR 22	Industrial	Smooth matte	MAT
	TXC	MOONÉ	Solid	Smooth matte	MAT
	T1E	NACRE	Kraftizen	Synchronized relief	MAT
	NT2	NATURA 22	Xgloss Natural	Polished	PUL
	NY22	NAYLA 22	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	NI2	NILIUM 22	Industrial	Smooth matte	MAT
	O1C	OLIMPO CHN	Stonika	Polished	PUL
	O2C	OPERA CHN	Natural	Smooth matte	VEL
	P1C	PORTUM CHN	Natural	Smooth matte	VEL
		POPULAR DARK	without collection	Smooth matte	MAT
		POPULAR WARM	without collection	Smooth matte	MAT
	QAT	QATAR	Xgloss Basiq	Polished	PUL
	R1C	REM CHN	Natural	Synchronized relief	VEL
	PSY	RIOBRANCO	Xgloss Basiq	Polished	PUL
	DKS	SAREY	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	SHL	SASEA	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	DKT	STERLING	Natural	Smooth matte	MAT
	TXS	TAGA	Stonika	Polished	PUL
	TU2	TUNDRA 22	Stonika	Polished	PUL
	U1C	UYUNI CHN	Chromica	Smooth matte	MAT
	Z1C	ZENITH CHN	Solid	Smooth matte	MAT
	DKI	RADIUM	Industrial	Smooth matte	MAT
amily IV	LD2	TRILIUM	Industrial	Smooth matte	MAT



Table N.1: Classification of DEKTON® cladding element (as regards colour and texture).

Technical Family Code	SKU	Colour	Collection	Texture	Finishing
MAT = Matte					_
PUL = Polished					
VEL = Velvet / S	Synchronize	d relief			